

Analog Time

Use this sheet to complete Analog Time GN. The slides go in order of the notes. Complete the times at the bottom of the second page

First, a recap...

Important terms to remember:

- Quelle heure est-il? – What time is it?
- Il est... – It is...
- Heures – o'clock (literally "hours," but used the same way as "o'clock.")
- Midi – noon
- Minuit – midnight

First, a recap...

The basic stem for all time is:

Il est _____ heures.

- 3:00 – Il est trois heures.
- 1:00 – Il est une heure.
- 12am – Il est minuit.
- 12pm – Il est midi.

Remember: Don't include "heures" with 12:00.

Analog Time

For the first half of the hour (1-29), just write the minutes after the root (JUST LIKE DIGITAL TIME).

- 2:07 – Il est deux heures sept.
- 7:24 – Il est sept heures vingt-quatre.

Analog Time

For the second half of the hour (31-59), subtract the minutes until the next hour from the next hour.

ROUND UP

- 10:44 – Il est onze heures moins seize. ($60 - 44 = 16$)
- 7:32 – Il est huit heures moins vingt-huit. ($60 - 32 = 28$)

Compare this to when we say that 5:40 is "twenty to six."

Analog Time

NOTE: Never use the words "quinze" or "trente."

- :15 – et quart 2:15 – Il est deux heures et quart.
- :30 – et demie 12:30am – Il est minuit et demie.
- :45 – moins le quart 5:45 – Il est six heures moins le quart.